

# NDC7001C

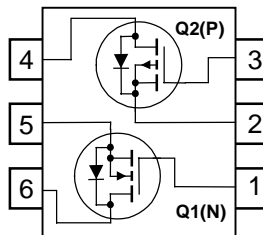
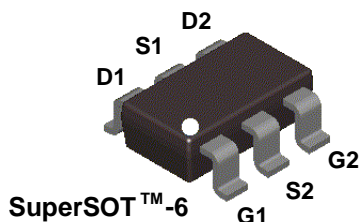
## Dual N & P-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor

### General Description

These dual N & P-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistors are produced using Fairchild's proprietary, high cell density, DMOS technology. This very high density process has been designed to minimize on-state resistance, provide rugged and reliable performance and fast switching. These device is particularly suited for low voltage, low current, switching, and power supply applications.

### Features

- **Q1** 0.51 A, 60V.  $R_{DS(ON)} = 2 \Omega @ V_{GS} = 10 V$   
 $R_{DS(ON)} = 4 \Omega @ V_{GS} = 4.5 V$
- **Q2** -0.34 A, 60V.  $R_{DS(ON)} = 5 \Omega @ V_{GS} = -10 V$   
 $R_{DS(ON)} = 7.5 \Omega @ V_{GS} = -4.5 V$
- High saturation current
- High density cell design for low  $R_{DS(ON)}$
- Proprietary SuperSOT™-6 package: design using copper lead frame for superior thermal and electrical capabilities



### Absolute Maximum Ratings T<sub>A</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Q1	Q2	Units
V <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Voltage	60	-60	V
V <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Source Voltage	±20	±20	
I <sub>D</sub>	Drain Current – Continuous (Note 1a)	0.51	-0.34	A
	– Pulsed	1.5	-1	
P <sub>D</sub>	Power Dissipation for Single Operation (Note 1a)	0.96		W
	(Note 1b)	0.9		
	(Note 1c)	0.7		
T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to +150		°C

### Thermal Characteristics

R <sub>θJA</sub>	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 1a)	130	°C/W
R <sub>θJC</sub>	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case (Note 1)	60	

### Package Marking and Ordering Information

Device Marking	Device	Reel Size	Tape width	Quantity
.01C	NDC7001C	7"	8mm	3000

### Electrical Characteristics

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
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#### Off Characteristics

$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_D = 250\ \mu\text{A}$ $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_D = -250\ \mu\text{A}$	<b>Q1</b> <b>Q2</b>	60 -60			V
$\frac{\Delta BV_{DSS}}{\Delta T_J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = 250\ \mu\text{A}, \text{Ref. to } 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_D = -250\ \mu\text{A}, \text{Ref. to } 25^\circ\text{C}$	<b>Q1</b> <b>Q2</b>		67 -57		mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = 48\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$ $V_{DS} = -48\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	<b>Q1</b> <b>Q2</b>			1 -1	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{GSSF}$	Gate-Body Leakage, Forward	$V_{GS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$	All			100	nA
$I_{GSSR}$	Gate-Body Leakage, Reverse	$V_{GS} = -20\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$	All			-100	nA

#### On Characteristics (Note 2)

$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	<b>Q1</b>	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\ \mu\text{A}$	1	2.1	2.5	V
		<b>Q2</b>	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = -250\ \mu\text{A}$	-1	-1.9	-3.5	
$\frac{\Delta V_{GS(th)}}{\Delta T_J}$	Gate Threshold Voltage Temperature Coefficient	<b>Q1</b>	$I_D = 250\ \mu\text{A}, \text{Referenced. to } 25^\circ\text{C}$		-3.8		mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
		<b>Q2</b>	$I_D = -250\ \mu\text{A}, \text{Ref. to } 25^\circ\text{C}$		3.2		
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	<b>Q1</b>	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 0.51\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 4.5\text{ V}, I_D = 0.35\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 0.51\text{ A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		1 2 1.7	2 4 3.5	$\Omega$
		<b>Q2</b>	$V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}, I_D = -0.34\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = -4.5\text{ V}, I_D = -0.25\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}, I_D = -0.34\text{ A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		1.2 1.5 1.9	5 7.5 10	
$I_{D(on)}$	On-State Drain Current	<b>Q1</b>	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}$	1.5			A
		<b>Q2</b>	$V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}, V_{DS} = -10\text{ V}$	-1			
$g_{FS}$	Forward Transconductance	<b>Q1</b>	$V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 0.51\text{ A}$		380		mS
		<b>Q2</b>	$V_{DS} = -10\text{ V}, I_D = -0.34\text{ A}$		700		

#### Dynamic Characteristics

$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	<b>Q1</b>	For <b>Q1</b> : $V_{DS} = 25\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$		20		pF
		<b>Q2</b>			66		
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance	<b>Q1</b>	f = 1.0MHz		11		pF
		<b>Q2</b>		For <b>Q2</b> : f = 1.0MHz		13	
$C_{riss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	<b>Q1</b>	$V_{DS} = -25\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$ f = 1.0MHz		4.3		pF
		<b>Q2</b>			6		
$R_G$	Gate Resistance	<b>Q1</b>	$V_{GS} = 15\text{ mV}, f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		11.2		$\Omega$
		<b>Q2</b>			11.2		

#### Switching Characteristics (Note 2)

$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	<b>Q1</b>	For <b>Q1</b> : $V_{DS} = 25\text{ V}, I_{DS} = 1\text{ A}$		2.8	5.6	ns
		<b>Q2</b>			3.2	6.4	
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time	<b>Q1</b>	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, R_{GEN} = 6\ \Omega$		8	16	ns
		<b>Q2</b>		For <b>Q2</b> : $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, R_{GEN} = 6\ \Omega$		10	
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	<b>Q1</b>	$V_{DS} = -25\text{ V}, I_{DS} = -1\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}, R_{GEN} = 6\ \Omega$		14	26	ns
		<b>Q2</b>			8	16	
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time	<b>Q1</b>	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, R_{GEN} = 6\ \Omega$		4	8	ns
		<b>Q2</b>			1	2	
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	<b>Q1</b>	For <b>Q1</b> : $V_{DS} = 25\text{ V}, I_{DS} = 0.51\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, R_{GEN} = 6\ \Omega$		1.1	1.5	nC
		<b>Q2</b>			1.6	2.2	
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-Source Charge	<b>Q1</b>	For <b>Q2</b> : $V_{DS} = -25\text{ V}, I_{DS} = -0.35\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}, R_{GEN} = 6\ \Omega$		0.2		nC
		<b>Q2</b>			0.3		
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-Drain Charge	<b>Q1</b>	$V_{DS} = -25\text{ V}, I_{DS} = -0.35\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}, R_{GEN} = 6\ \Omega$		0.4		nC
		<b>Q2</b>			0.3		

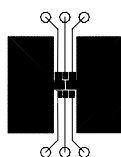
### Electrical Characteristics

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted

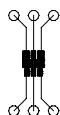
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	
<b>Drain–Source Diode Characteristics and Maximum Ratings</b>							
$I_S$	Maximum Continuous Drain–Source Diode Forward Current	Q1			0.51	A	
		Q2			-0.34		
$V_{SD}$	Drain–Source Diode Forward Voltage	Q1	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_S = 0.51\text{ A}$ (Note 2)		0.8	1.2	V
		Q2	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_S = -0.34\text{ A}$ (Note 2)		-0.8	-1.4	
$t_{rr}$	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	Q1	$I_F = 0.51\text{ A}, d_I/d_t = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		18		nS
		Q2	$I_F = -0.34\text{ A}, d_I/d_t = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		16		
$Q_{rr}$	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	Q1	$I_F = 0.51\text{ A}, d_I/d_t = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		16		nC
		Q2	$I_F = -0.34\text{ A}, d_I/d_t = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		11		

**Notes:**

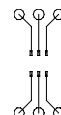
1.  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the junction-to-case and case-to-ambient thermal resistance where the case thermal reference is defined as the solder mounting surface of the drain pins.  $R_{\theta JC}$  is guaranteed by design while  $R_{\theta CA}$  is determined by the user's board design.



a)  $130^\circ\text{C/W}$  when mounted on a  $0.125\text{ in}^2$  pad of 2 oz. copper.



b)  $140^\circ\text{C/W}$  when mounted on a  $.005\text{ in}^2$  pad of 2 oz copper



c)  $180^\circ\text{C/W}$  when mounted on a minimum pad.

Scale 1 : 1 on letter size paper

2. Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $< 300\mu\text{s}$ , Duty Cycle  $< 2.0\%$

## Typical Characteristics: N-Channel

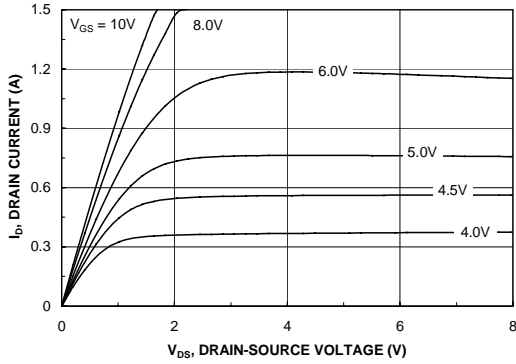


Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics.

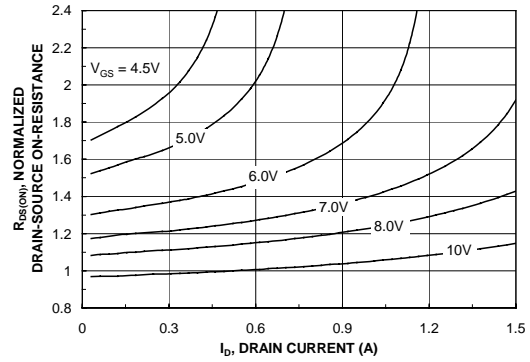


Figure 2. On-Resistance Variation with Drain Current and Gate Voltage.

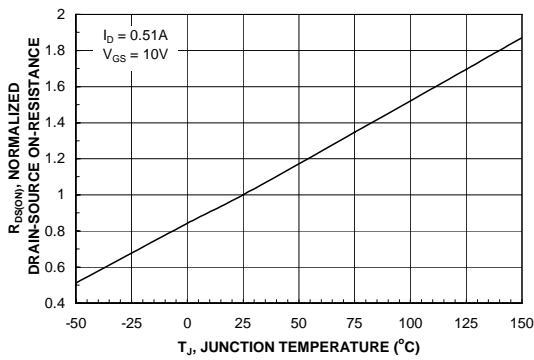


Figure 3. On-Resistance Variation with Temperature.

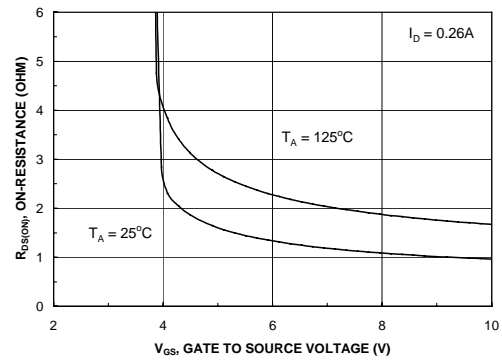


Figure 4. On-Resistance Variation with Gate-to-Source Voltage.

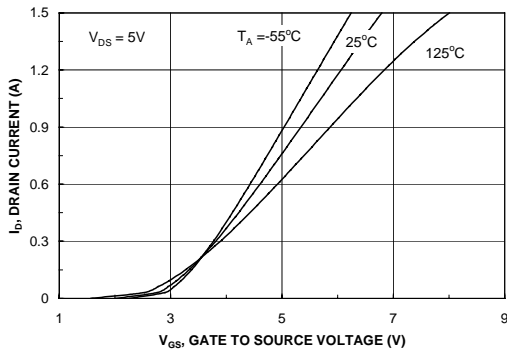


Figure 5. Transfer Characteristics.

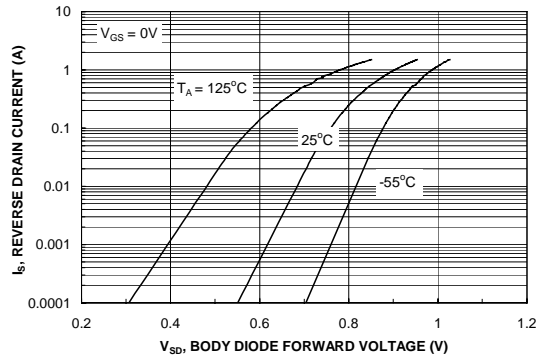
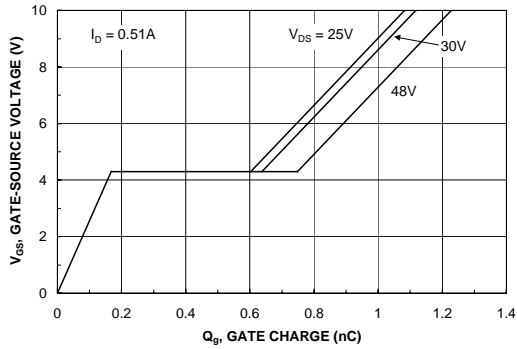
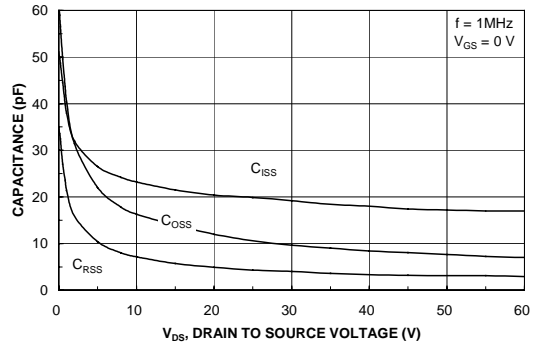


Figure 6. Body Diode Forward Voltage Variation with Source Current and Temperature.

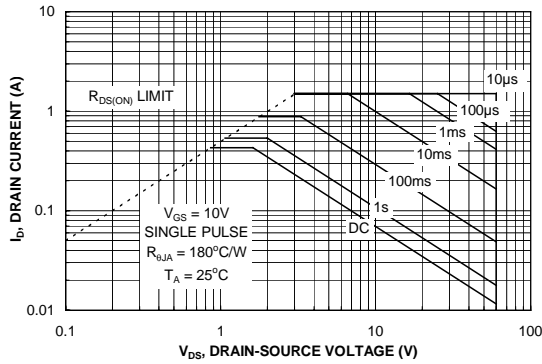
**Typical Characteristics: N-Channel** (continued)



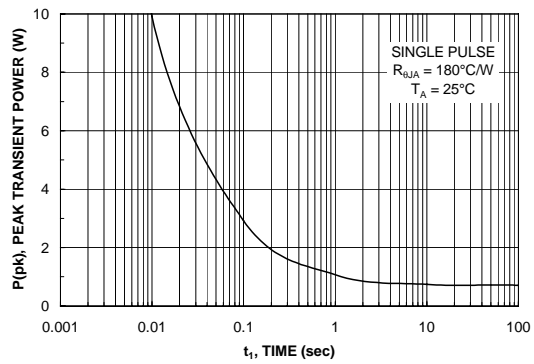
**Figure 7. Gate Charge Characteristics.**



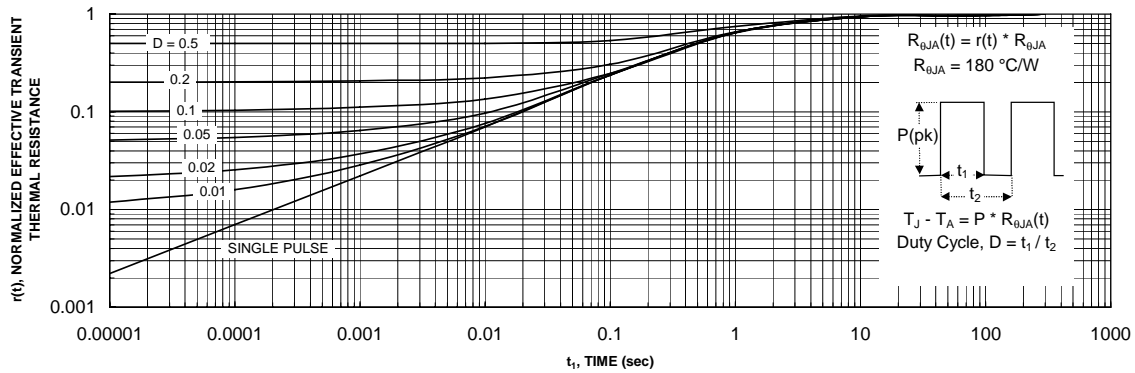
**Figure 8. Capacitance Characteristics.**



**Figure 9. Maximum Safe Operating Area.**



**Figure 10. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation.**



**Figure 21. Transient Thermal Response Curve.**

Thermal characterization performed using the conditions described in Note 1c. Transient thermal response will change depending on the circuit board design.

### Typical Characteristics: P-Channel

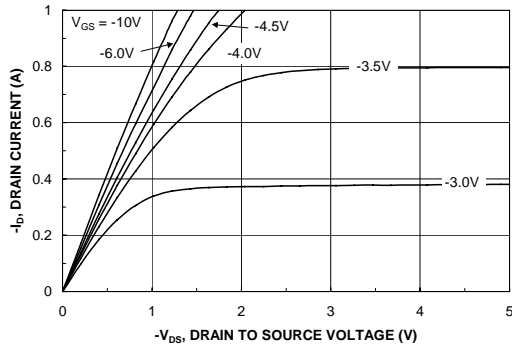


Figure 11. On-Region Characteristics.

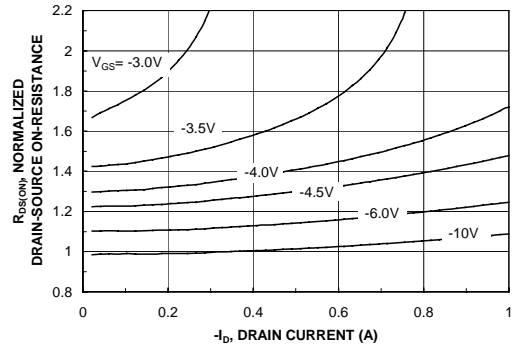


Figure 12. On-Resistance Variation with Drain Current and Gate Voltage.

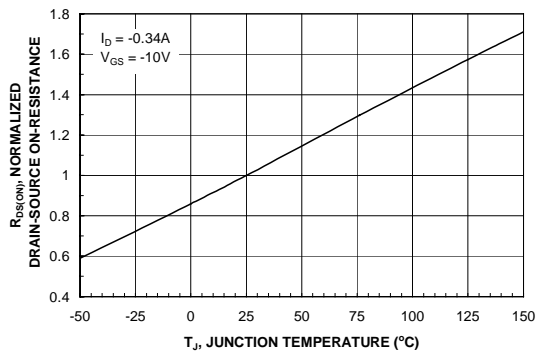


Figure 13. On-Resistance Variation with Temperature.

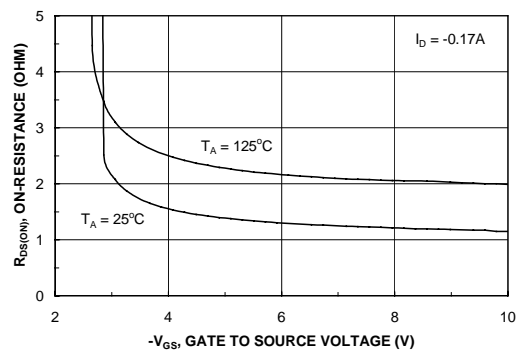


Figure 14. On-Resistance Variation with Gate-to-Source Voltage.

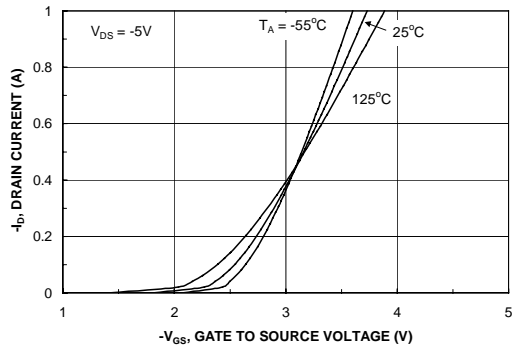


Figure 15. Transfer Characteristics.

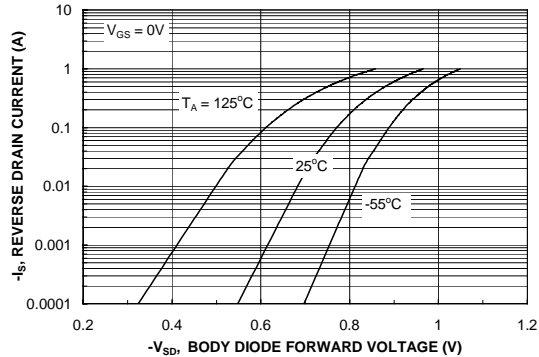
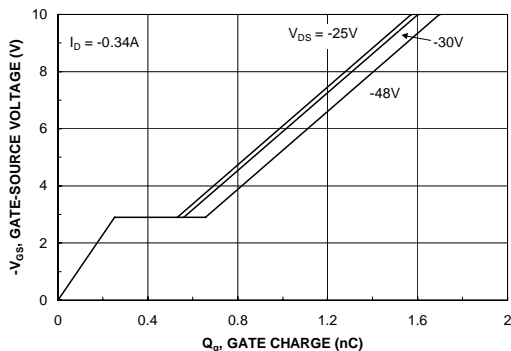
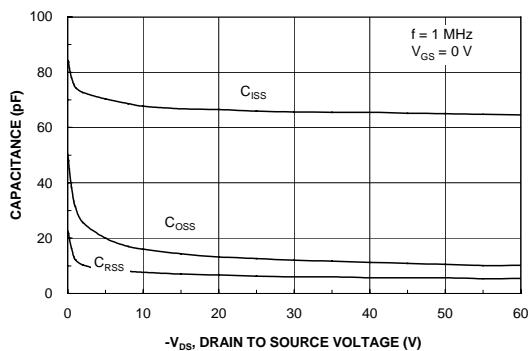


Figure 16. Body Diode Forward Voltage Variation with Source Current and Temperature.

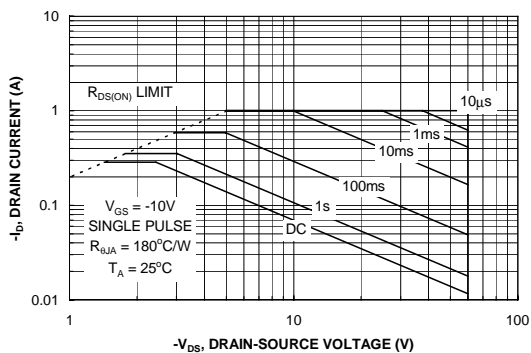
### Typical Characteristics: P-Channel (continued)



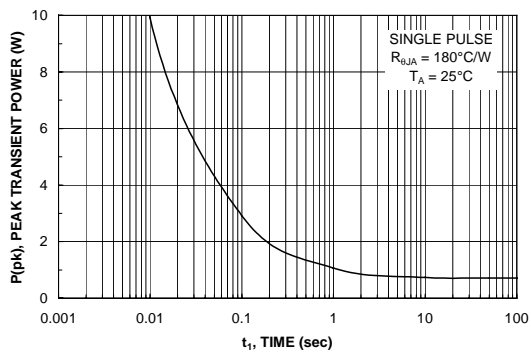
**Figure 17. Gate Charge Characteristics.**



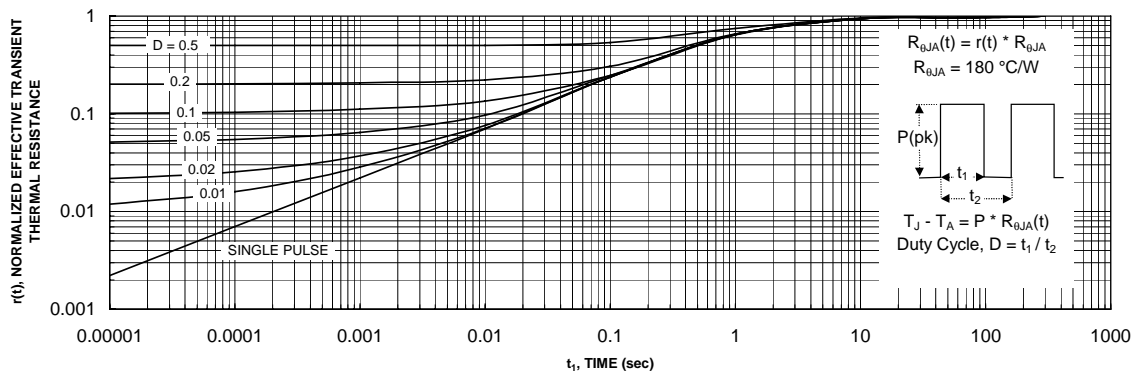
**Figure 18. Capacitance Characteristics.**



**Figure 19. Maximum Safe Operating Area.**



**Figure 20. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation.**



**Figure 21. Transient Thermal Response Curve.**

Thermal characterization performed using the conditions described in Note 1c. Transient thermal response will change depending on the circuit board design.

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EcoSPARK <sup>™</sup>	I <sup>2</sup> C <sup>™</sup>	PowerTrench <sup>®</sup>	SuperSOT <sup>™</sup> -6	
E <sup>2</sup> CMOS <sup>™</sup>	ISOPLANAR <sup>™</sup>	QFET <sup>™</sup>	SuperSOT <sup>™</sup> -8	
EnSigna <sup>™</sup>	LittleFET <sup>™</sup>	QS <sup>™</sup>	SyncFET <sup>™</sup>	
FACT <sup>™</sup>	MicroFET <sup>™</sup>	QT Optoelectronics <sup>™</sup>	TinyLogic <sup>™</sup>	
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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

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Advance Information	Formative or In Design	This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
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